

## CS Q-LEAP<sup>™</sup> SINE with SE-13

calibration system with vibration exciter

HERO™ vibration controller	<b>√</b> Typical DUT	
incl. signal conditioners	<ul> <li>heavy seismic sensor (seismometer)</li> <li>geophone for structure/building vibration measurement</li> </ul>	
CS Q-LEAP <sup>™</sup> software • sine calibration • sine sweep • vibration measurement • vibration generation • more on demand		
SE-13 vibration exciter	<ul> <li>Standards</li> <li>ISO 16063 - 21: calibration of vibration transducers by comparison to a reference transducer</li> <li>ISO 17025: general requirements for the competence of testing and</li> </ul>	
Power amplifier PA 500 DM	<ul> <li>calibration laboratories</li> <li>DIN 45669: sensors for measurement of vibration immission</li> </ul>	

## 🛧 Key features

	frequency range 0.2 Hz 400 Hz
	traceable to PTB (German National Metrology Laboratory)
-6-11	calibration of vibration sensors, seismic sensors and geophones
	integrated sensor database
	integrated software for the generation of calibration certificates (print, PDF, ), easy data exchange with applications like ERP systems or measuring equipment databases

## 🐼 | Technical data

Frequency range	0.2 Hz 400 Hz
Stroke <sup>3)</sup> , max.	25 mm (1 in)
Velocity <sup>1)</sup> , max.	300 mm/s (12 in/s)
Acceleration <sup>1) 2)</sup> , max.	60 m/s² (6 g <sub>n</sub> ) peak
Operation	vertical
Moving element weight	8 kg (18 lbs)
Payload, max.	50 kg (110 lbs)
Table size	Ø 350 mm (14 in)

1) Peak sine

2) Interval mode of operation

3) Recommended operation range peak-peak; mechanical stop at 32 mm (1.3 in)

Frequency range			Expanded measurement uncertainty <sup>1)</sup>
from	to	Max. recommended payload	magnitude <sup>2)</sup> / phase <sup>3)</sup> of transfer coefficient
0.2 Hz	< 1 Hz	50 kg	1.5 % / 1.5°
1 Hz	16 Hz		1.0 % / 1.0°
> 16 Hz	160 Hz	20 kg	2.0 % / 2.0°
> 160 Hz	400 Hz	10 kg	3.0 % / 3.0°
Reference frequencies: 8 Hz or 16 Hz for calibration according to DIN 45669			1.0 % / 1.0°

Recommended excitation amplitudes (peak values)		
Minimum	0.2 Hz 400 Hz: <b>0.01 m/s²</b>	
<b>Maximum (high payload)</b> <sup>3)</sup> (displacement, velocity, acceleration)	10 mm in the range of 0.2 Hz4 Hz 250 mm/s in the range of 4 Hz6.5 Hz 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> in the range of 6.5 Hz400 Hz	
<b>Maximum (low payload)</b> <sup>4)</sup> (displacement, velocity, acceleration)	10 mm in the range of 0.2 Hz 4 Hz 250 mm/s in the range of 4 Hz 25 Hz 40 m/s <sup>2</sup> in the range of 25 Hz 120 Hz 40 m/s <sup>2</sup> 25 m/s <sup>2</sup> in the range of 120 Hz 400 Hz	

1) Only in combination with optional extra PHASE

2) Determined according to GUM (JCGM 100 "Evaluation of measurement data - Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement") with k = 2 (coverage factor) for the best possible device under test (DUT). Other devices that are not assumed as ideal must be evaluated with individual contributions.

The measurement uncertainty is specified for the best possible DUT: "Nanometrics Trillium Compact" (plus its mounting adapter) in two configurations: first the DUT and secondly the DUT with additional dummy mass. Best uncertainty values only valid for symmetric centered mounting of the DUT and the mass with a center of gravity <80 mm at 35 kg above exciter table. Any other type of DUT can be calibrated. But they must meet the maximum payload limits given by the data sheet of the vibration exciter. Measurement uncertainties need to be determined individually, especially for frequencies above 20 Hz.

3) Valid for electrical sensor signals  $\geq$  (1 mV or 1 pC)

4) Maximum vibration amplitude for maximum payload (DUT)

5) Maximum vibration amplitude without any payload (DUT)